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FIRST NAMED INVENTOR CONFIRMATION NO. APPLICATION NO. FILING DATE ATTORNEY DOCKET NO. 3609 10/636,158 08/07/2003 Roderick MacRae 18047 **EXAMINER** 26794 7590 04/25/2005 TYCO ELECTRONICS CORPORATION FAULK, DEVONA E 4550 NEW LINDEN HILL ROAD, SUITE 450 ART UNIT PAPER NUMBER WILMINGTON, DE 19808 2644

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

| | | Application No. | Applicant(s) | |
|---|---|---|--|----------|
| Office Action Summary | | 10/636,158 | MACRAE, RODERICK | |
| | | Examiner | Art Unit | <u> </u> |
| | | Devona E. Faulk | 2644 | |
| Period fo | The MAILING DATE of this communica | ation appears on the cover sheet w | ith the correspondence address | |
| A SH THE - Exte after - If the - If NO - Failu Any | ORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICAN nations of time may be available under the provisions of SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communicant period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) of period for reply is specified above, the maximum statuture to reply within the set or extended period for reply will reply received by the Office later than three months after ed patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b). | ATION. 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a ication. days, a reply within the statutory minimum of the ory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MOI, by statute, cause the application to become A | reply be timely filed rty (30) days will be considered timely. NTHS from the mailing date of this communication BANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133). | n. |
| 1)⊠ | Responsive to communication(s) filed | on <u>06 December 2004</u> . | | ** |
| 2a)⊠ | This action is FINAL . 2b |)□ This action is non-final. | | |
| 3)□ | Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213. | | | |
| Disposit | ion of Claims | | | |
| 5)□ 6)⊠ 7)□ | Claim(s) 1-12 is/are pending in the app 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are Claim(s) is/are allowed. Claim(s) 1-12 is/are rejected. Claim(s) is/are objected to. Claim(s) are subject to restriction | withdrawn from consideration. | | |
| Applicat | ion Papers | | | |
| 10)⊠ | The specification is objected to by the the drawing(s) filed on <u>07 August 2003</u> Applicant may not request that any objected Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the The oath or declaration is objected to be | is/are: a) □ accepted or b) ⊠ α on to the drawing(s) be held in abeya ne correction is required if the drawin | ance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a). g(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d | d). |
| Priority | under 35 U.S.C. § 119 | | | |
| a) | Acknowledgment is made of a claim fo All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority do 2. Certified copies of the priority do 3. Copies of the certified copies of application from the International See the attached detailed Office action | ocuments have been received. Ocuments have been received in the priority documents have bee all Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)). | Application No n received in this National Stage | |
| 2) Notion Notion Notion | nt(s) ce of References Cited (PTO-892) ce of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO- mation Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PT er No(s)/Mail Date | D-948) Paper No | Summary (PTO-413) (s)/Mail Date Informal Patent Application (PTO-152) | |

DETAILED ACTION

Response to Arguments

1. Applicant's arguments with respect to claim 1-12 have been considered but are most in view of the new ground(s) of rejection.

Drawings

The drawings are objected to as failing to comply with 37 CFR 1.84(p)(5) because they include the following reference character(s) not mentioned in the description: In Figure 1(b) the opening or inlet is referenced as 108. The specification has it referenced as 1118 in paragraphs 0015-0017. . Corrected drawing sheets in compliance with 37 CFR 1.121(d), or amendment to the specification to add the reference character(s) in the description in compliance with 37 CFR 1.121(b) are required in reply to the Office action to avoid abandonment of the application. Any amended replacement drawing sheet should include all of the figures appearing on the immediate prior version of the sheet, even if only one figure is being amended. Each drawing sheet submitted after the filing date of an application must be labeled in the top margin as either "Replacement Sheet" or "New Sheet" pursuant to 37 CFR 1.121(d). If the changes are not accepted by the examiner, the applicant will be notified and informed of any required corrective action in the next Office action. The objection to the drawings will not be held in abeyance.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 1. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
 - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 2. Claims 1-3, and 5-7 and 9 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Akino (U.S. Patent 6,148,089) in view of the applicant's admitted prior art Figure 1(a) and 1(b), paragraph 0015.

Regarding claim 1, Akino discloses a microphone enclosure comprising a casing (F; Figure 2B; column 4, lines 14-25) for containing a microphone (2, Figure 2B; column 4, lines 14-25) for receiving sound and converting said sound into at least one electrical signal (Figure 2B); and at least one inlet for allowing sound to reach said microphone; said at least one inlet having a plurality of openings (4, acoustic terminals, Figure 2B; column 4, lines 13,49-51) forming at least one tortuous path therein (Figure 2B). Akino teaches that the microphone unit can be used in a mobile system personal computer. Akino fails to disclose wherein said microphone is disposed between said at least one inlet and a wall of the casing as claimed. However this concept was well known in the art at the time of filing as taught by the applicant. The applicant's admitted prior art of Figure 1(b) discloses a microphone 112 between an opening or inlet

(108) and a casing (Figure 1). Even though a back of the phone is not reference, the phone obviously has a back casing of some sort. It would have been obvious to one or ordinary skill in the art to have the microphone dispose as taught by the applicant's admitted prior art in order to prevent the object from entering the hole far enough to pierce the microphone.

All elements of claim 2 are comprehended by claim 1 (4, acoustic terminals; Figure 2B).

All elements of claim 3 are comprehended by claim 2 (Figure 2B).

All elements of claim 5 are comprehended by claim 1 (5,

waterproof film; Figures 11A and 11B).

Regarding claim 6, Akino discloses a microphone enclosure comprising a casing (F, Figure 2B) for containing a microphone (2; Figure 2B; column 4, lines 14-25) for receiving sound and converting said sound into at least one electrical signal (, Figure 1); an first opening proximate said microphone (4, acoustic terminals; Figure 2B; column 4, lines 13, 49-51); a second opening proximate said microphone (4, Figure 2B); and at least one inlet formed by a convergence of said first opening and said second opening (24; Figure 2B) for allowing sound to impinge upon said microphone. Akino teaches that the microphone unit can be used in a mobile system personal computer. Akino fails to disclose wherein said microphone is disposed between said at least one inlet and a wall of the casing as claimed. However this concept was well known in the art at the time of filing as taught by the applicant. The applicant's admitted prior art of Figures 1(a)

and 1(b) discloses a microphone 112 between an opening or inlet (108) and a casing (Figure 1). Even though a back of the phone is not reference, the phone obviously has a back casing of some sort. It would have been obvious to one or ordinary skill in the art to have the microphone dispose as taught by the applicant's admitted prior art in order to prevent the object from entering the hole far enough to pierce the microphone.

All elements of claim 7 are comprehended by the rejection of claim 6 (See Akino, Figure 1.

All elements of claim 9 are comprehended by the rejection of claim 6 (applicant's admitted prior art Figure 1(b) teaches of a gasket; paragraph 0016).

4. Claims 4 and 8 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Akino (U.S. Patent 6,148,089) in view the applicant's admitted prior art of Figure 1(a) and 1(b) paragraph 0015 and in further view of Hood et al. (U.S. Patent Application 2003/0072131).

Claim 4 claims the microphone enclosure of claim 1 and claim 8 claims the microphone enclosure of claim 6, wherein said microphone enclosure further contains a circuit board; integrated components on said circuit board for receiving signals from said microphone; and an antenna in communication with said integrated components for transmitting said electrical signal. Akino as modified by the applicant's admitted prior art meets all elements of claims 1 and 5. An integrated circuit board is inherently present but Akino fails to

disclose an antenna in communication with said integrated components for transmitting said electrical signal. Hood discloses a notebook computer with an antenna (164, 174; Figures 1 and 2; page 2, paragraph 0017, 0028) as claimed. Thus it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to use Hood's concept of an antenna to provide for wireless transmission.

3. Claim 10-12 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Takahashi et al. (U.S. Patent 6,525,854) in view of Akino (U.S. Patent 6,148,089) in further view of the applicant's admitted prior art Figures 1(a) and 1(b) paragraph 0015.

Regarding claim 10, Takahashi discloses a portable radio (Figures 1 and 4A) comprising a circuit board (Figure 1, obvious); integrated components on said circuit board for transmitting and receiving signals to and from said portable radio (Figure 2); an antenna (1; Figures 1 and 4A) in communication with said integrated components for transmitting and receiving said signals (Figure 1); a microphone (5) in communication with said integrated components on said circuit board for converting between sound and electrical signals; a casing for containing a microphone, said integrated components, and said circuit board (Figure 4A). Takahashi fails to disclose a first and second opening and at least one inlet as claimed. However, this concept was well known in the art at the time of filing as taught by Akino. Akino discloses a first opening (4, acoustic terminals; Figure 2B; column 4, lines 13, 49-51) in said casing proximate said microphone (2, Figures 2B); a second opening (4, acoustic terminals; Figure 2B) in said

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casing proximate said microphone (2, Figure 2B), and at least one inlet formed by a convergence of said first opening and said second opening for allowing sound to impinge upon said microphone (Figure 2B). Akino teaches that the microphone unit can be used in a mobile system personal computer. Takahashi as modified by Akino fails to disclose wherein said microphone is disposed between said at least one inlet and a wall of the casing as claimed. However this concept was well known in the art at the time of filing as taught by the applicant. The applicant's admitted prior art of Figures 1(a) and 1(b) discloses a microphone 112 between an opening or inlet (108) and a casing (Figure 1). Even though a back of the phone is not reference, the phone obviously has a back casing of some sort. It would have been obvious to one or ordinary skill in the art to have the microphone dispose as taught by the applicant's admitted prior art in order to prevent the object from entering the hole far enough to pierce the microphone.

All elements of claim 11 are comprehended by the rejection of claim 10 (See Akino, Figure 1).

All elements of claim 12 are comprehended by the rejection of claim 6 (applicant's admitted prior art Figure 1(b) teaches of a gasket; paragraph 0016).

Conclusion

6. Applicant's amendment necessitated the new ground(s) of rejection presented in this Office action. Accordingly, THIS ACTION IS MADE

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FINAL. See MPEP § 706.07(a). Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the date of this final action.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Devona E. Faulk whose telephone number is 571-272-7515. The examiner can normally be reached on 8 am - 5 pm.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Sinh Tran can be reached on 571-272-7654. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 703-872-9306.

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Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

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JPERVISORY PATENT EXAMINER